

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VIII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 26TH, 1887.

No. 21.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, March 24, 1887.

The Manitoba legislature has been called for April 14th.

Seeding has commenced in some portions of southern Manitoba.

Barber, the Winnipeg architect, has been arrested on a charge of bribery.

Latouche Tupper has been appointed chief of the Manitoba provincial police.

A company is applying for a charter to build a railway to the boundary.

Perley's majority in Eastern Assiniboia is 771, with one place to hear from.

Queen Victoria laid the corner stone of the assize court building in Birmingham yesterday.

Norquay leaves for Ottawa to-morrow to forward arrangements with the federal government.

Lieutenant-governor Dewdney has postponed his contemplated visit to Prince Albert for some days.

It is understood that work will shortly be resumed on the Hudson Bay railway at the head of lake Winnipeg.

The elections in Vancouver and Cariboo, British Columbia, resulted in the return of the conservative candidates.

The North-West members elect will have a conference before the session at Ottawa with a view to arranging a programme.

The Canadian Pacific is now open through the mountains, but the Northern Pacific is completely blocked with floods on the Missouri.

The official declaration respecting the Algoma election has not yet been made, but it is almost certain that Dawson, conservative, is elected.

More favorable reports of Archbishop Tache's health have been received, and it is thought he may be able to continue his journey to Rome.

The parties engaged in electioneering in the Territories have returned east. Preston, the reform organizer, was banqueted in Winnipeg and McIntosh in Ottawa.

C. P. Brown, who lately resigned his position in the Manitoba government, threatens to form an alliance with the opposition. Serious complications are threatened.

Onimet will be elected speaker of the house of commons. Porter, of West Huron, Ont., will move, and Weldon, of Albert, N. B., will second the address in reply to the speech from the throne.

There have been immense celebrations in Berlin and throughout Germany over the 90th birthday of the emperor. The Prince of Wales took part in the ceremonies. Strong assurances of peace in Europe were given.

The federal government has informed the Brandon city council that the monopoly policy with respect to the territory covered by the Canadian Pacific charter will be maintained. No decision has yet been given with respect to disallowance in the provinces.

Blake has addressed a circular to his followers stating that the arrangements with regard to the leadership of the opposition are now at an end, and that on the re-assembling of parliament they must make another choice. This is thought to indicate a definite intention of retiring from the leadership. He is now in the southern States.

WINNIPEG, March 25, 1887.

Macdowell's majority in Saskatchewan is 161, all places heard from.

English papers give currency to a statement that Sir John A. Macdonald will be raised to the peerage and succeed Lansdowne as governor-general of Canada.

BATTLEFORD, March 25, 1887.

A philanthropic society has been organized. Prospects good for building operations if lumber can be had.

The South Branch is broken up at Swift Current and Clark's Crossing.

Geese were seen on the 16th, gophers on the 18th and ducks on the 20th.

A large number of freighters are on the road giving promise of a heavy business.

Court sits on the 13th of April when the docket will be the heaviest ever seen here.

VICTORIA, March 25, 1887.

Small lots of fur are coming in.

Weather fine and mild, snow settling fast.

W. Rowland arrived during the week with freight for Mr. Tupper.

Mail arrived from Edmonton last night, the first we have had for three weeks.

The Indian agent here has received instructions to remove the agency to Saddle Lake.

The Indians at Egg lake south have removed to Saddle Lake to be in readiness for spring work.

P. Pruden, of Lac la Biche, left this week for home taking with him a large outfit for the spring trade.

P. Aylen has returned from Whitefish Lake having secured men to work on his telegraph pole contract, with S. Steinhauer as foreman.

LOCAL.

COURT sits at Edmonton on Monday, May 2nd.

STAGE arrived on Monday on time. Three passengers.

J. E. COLLINS left for Calgary on Tuesday for freight.

SLEIGHING poor in town, but still good in the country.

STAGE left Thursday morning. John Macdonald passenger.

JAS. STEWART and Jas. Reed have rented W. Cust's farm at Cut Bank Lake.

A LARGE stock of ice is being put up in Edmonton this year than ever before.

C. STEWART arrived on Monday with freight for Stewart & Bannerman and J. Walters.

J. E. COLLINS has sold his place, near Fort Saskatchewan, to Chas. Henderson for \$200.

C. STEWART, of Stewart & Bannerman, arrived from Winnipeg and Calgary on Monday.

WEATHER fine, but the spring is more backward than has been the case for several years.

P. BRUNETTE and B. Sauve left on Monday for Lac la Biche with freight for Norris & Carey.

A NUMBER of freighters leave for Calgary to-day for freight to the Landing at 4 cents a pound.

THE declaration of the returning officer in the Alberta election will be made at Calgary to-day.

No prospect of a freshet this spring and scarcely of muddy roads, the snow is going so gradually.

THAWING on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday and sleighing getting bad in town. Colder on Wednesday.

VERY few objections were made to the school assessment at the court of revision held on Tuesday last.

J. BOURKE arrived on Monday from Calgary with freight for P. G. Gray, J. Looby, Brown & Curry and others.

A BATTLEFORD telegram asks "Will lumber and potatoes be sent down early this spring. There are none in the market."

McLEOD Bros' gang of lumberers arrived from the woods on Sunday, having completed their contract with Fraser & Co.

LAPOUREUX BROS. have an order for 350,000 feet of lumber for Prince Bros., Battleford, to be shipped first thing in the spring.

QUITE a procession of sympathizers with the Davis' interest accompanied his party a few miles south on Monday afternoon.

THE postal authorities of Canada have decided to prevent the introduction of the New York Sporting World and Police Gazette.

H. ROBERTSON, W. Woelfle and W. Sperrin returned from the Landing on Saturday. The roads were badly drifted and travelling was difficult.

D. W. DAVIS, J. R. Costigan, A. Macdonald, A. Carney, W. Fielders, W. West, J. Vantier, J. Bannerman, Geo. Gouin, J. L'Hirondelle, J. Garand, Ad. McPherson left for Calgary on Monday.

J. FRASER left for the Landing on Tuesday to build two York boats for Colin Fraser who is going down the Athabasca to trade. W. G. Ibbotson will accompany Mr. Fraser. They will leave early in May.

AD. MCPHERSON, S. Villeneuve, S. Cunningham, O. Bellerose, John Ashen and Albert McKay arrived from Lac la Biche on Saturday. McKay brought the election returns and left at once for Calgary taking up the poll books on the way.

ALL the freight required by the H. B. Co. in the three northern districts of Peace river, Athabasca and Mackenzie river, will come by way of Edmonton and the Athabasca Landing this season. Last year the H. B. paid out \$60,000 at Edmonton for freight and expect to pay out about \$80,000 this season.

J. HANEY is working at placer mining near his quartz claim, but on the south side of the river. A few feet above high water mark there is a deposit of gravel 20 feet thick by 1500 feet in length along the river, resting on slate bed-rock. Into this bank Mr. Haney has run a tunnel for some seventy feet, the dirt taken out averaging a cent of gold to the pan and getting better as the work gets further in. He will return on his quartz claim shortly.

An adjourned meeting of the Edmonton Rifle Association was held in Jas. McDonald's office on Friday evening. The treasurer's report showed a balance of cash on hand of \$122.65. Mr. R. Hardisty of the H. B. Co. was re-elected 1st vice-patron, and Dr. H. C. Wilson, M. N. W. C., 2nd vice-patron. The officers elected for 1887 were: president, Matthew McCauley, J. P., 1st vice-president James McDonald, 2nd vice-president W. S. Robertson; council, Messrs. J. A. Belden, Ed. Looby, P. G. Gray, Jas. McMunn, Fred. Saché, R. Strachan, K. A. McLeod and S. Whitford; auditors, W. Staff, J. A. McDougall. At a council meeting held at the close of the annual meeting C. F. Strang was re-appointed secretary and John Looby re-appointed treasurer.

The Indian department is taking steps to experiment in the propagation of wild rice in this part of the country with a view to increasing the food supply of the Indians, directly by the grain and indirectly by the larger numbers of wild fowl which it will attract. The three agencies in this vicinity have been furnished with seed this winter with instructions to place it to the best advantage in suitable marshy streams or lakes next summer. Several sportsmen in town have also procured some to experiment with in the small lakes near here, with a view to attracting ducks. The experiment is well worth trying, but as none of the parties who are interesting themselves in the matter have any practical knowledge of the rice or its growth they are working largely in the dark. Parties familiar in any degree with the growth of wild rice would confer a favor by calling at the BULLETIN office to be interviewed on the subject.

JOSEPH AND WILLIAM LENNIK, aged nine and eleven years respectively, sons of Mrs Campbell, of Rat Lake, were arrested on Wednesday charged with having broken into James McDonald's house on Monday last during the absence of the inmates. They were brought up before Supt. Griesbach, J. P., on Friday. T. M. Graves, employed by Jas. McDonald, gave evidence that on coming towards the house from his work on Monday he saw four boys standing near the stable. Two of them were the prisoners, who were on horseback and rode away, the other two on foot were younger brothers of the prisoners. Going to the house he found that the window had been forced, the door being still locked, and there were muddy foot prints on the floor. Things generally were upside down, as if they had been searched. A trunk had been forced open and was left so. A box of copper rivets had been nearly emptied and some were outside the window. A box of prunes had been emptied on the floor, and most of the fruit was gone. Witness went to Mrs. Campbell's house, prisoners were not there. With Mrs. Campbell he went to her father's house close by, where the boys were. Found some of the rivets in the stable. S. Whitford interpreted the evidence to the prisoners. They made no statement and were committed for trial at the next court, their grandfather Washey Joe giving bonds for their appearance.

The Indian department has written notices posted up in several places in town calling for tenders up to March 30th for 100 bushels of seed barley and 300 bushels of potatoes to be delivered in Battleford by May 12th. It seems strange that of all the departments of the government having business in the North West that part of the department of Indian affairs manipulated from Regina is the only one that does not find it advisable to publicly advertise its wants—that for fear of spending a dollar in announcing a contract through the newspapers takes chances on losing perhaps a hundred dollars on the contract price through lack of the competition that adequate notice would have insured. Such a proceeding cannot be accounted for on business principles or on those of common sense, and still less on those of disinterested service. The fact of the matter is simply this that in letting contracts without giving proper public notice the intention is that some favorite of the august head of the department in Regina shall receive a favor—that he shall be bribed out of the government moneys and to the disadvantage of his possible or actual competitors. Very many contracts have been let in this part of the country without even let the paltry written notice that has been put up in this last instance, and it is about time to call a halt. If it is the fear of throwing a dollar in the BULLETIN's way that prevents the contracts being advertised, in the name of common sense let small handbills be struck off in Regina and circulated freely where the contract is expected to be filled, so that the people generally shall have a chance to tender and the government to get their supplies

at the lowest price, and then the present temptation to use public money to further private ends will be removed from his honor's path.

A LETTER from Banff, dated March 13th, says: "Our winter here was very severe while it lasted, but spring has come at last. We had no cold or snow worth speaking of until towards the end of January. The foundation of the large C. P. R. hotel here is nearly completed. It will be the end of June before the hotel will be ready for guests. It has 180 feet frontage. Hotels and stores of all descriptions are going up in all directions, especially on Banff avenue (Main street.) Every thing indicates a lively summer here. Without exception it is the most beautiful place I ever was in, and the cures the sulphur hot springs effect in cases of rheumatism and skin diseases are something wonderful. I have seen parties who were carried on beds from the train to the springs, go away cured in a few weeks and able to walk three, four or six miles a day. Plenty of show for a live paper here next summer. The Devil's lake near here is full of trout. Last week I saw one caught there which weighed 16½ lbs."

DELAYED RETURNS.

	Hardisty.	Davis.	Lafferty.
Battle River Agency	12	3	0
Battle Settlement	20	33	0
Wolf Creek	2	16	0
Red Deer	8	32	3
Athabasca Landing	13	1	0
Total	55	85	3

Giving Davis a total majority of 225.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.—Team of Canadian Horses, Harness, Wagon and sleighs. Apply to W. G. IBBOTSON.

NOTICE.—All parties having accounts against Mr. Richard Hardisty in connection with the late election are requested to hand the same to the undersigned at once. G. A. WATSON, Agent.

NOTICE. All parties are hereby notified that after April 1st, 1887, no travel will be permitted across my homestead, N. E. qr. sec. 4, tp. 54, rge. 24, as it will be fenced for purposes of pasture of cultivation.

A. HUTCHINGS.

LAUNDRY.

The undersigned beg to announce to the public that they have opened a Laundry at the Hotel du Canada, Edmonton, and solicit the patronage of the people of this town. Washing and Ironing done neatly. Satisfaction guaranteed. Reduction of prices made to hotels and large families.

BOULET & BILODEAU.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to order that Sittings of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories for the Judicial District of Northern Alberta shall be held at the town of Calgary, in the said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the following days, namely:—

Tuesday, 12th of April, A.D. 1887.

Tuesday, 12th July, A.D. 1887.

Tuesday, 8th November, A.D. 1887.

and at Edmonton, also in the said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the following days, namely:—

Monday, 2nd May, A.D. 1887.

Monday, 17th October, A.D. 1887.

By Command,

A. E. FORGET,

Secretary.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office,

Regina, 10th March, 1887.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MAR. 26, 1887.

NORTH-WEST ELECTIONS.

THE result of the first parliamentary election contest in the North-West is that four supporters of high taxes, of locked up lands, of railway monopoly, of corrupt government, have been returned. If a bad start insures a good ending the political future of the North-West must certainly be bright. How has such a result been attained in a country where men are supposed to be peculiarly inclined to look out for their own interests? Not a man in the North-West but knows that the high taxes of the national policy are direct robbery upon him; that the locked up land keeps the greater part of the country a desert and the people in the remainder isolated and poor; that the railway monopoly means double toll on supplies in and produce out; that the resources of the country have been used for the prostitution of parliament—and yet the people have, by vast majorities, declared their confidence in the men whose business in parliament will be to condone these wrongs and uphold this misgovernment.

One great reason is that the self interest which should have been the strength of the North-West has, by being carried to an extreme and taken in an individual instead of a collective sense, been its weakness. The tendency has been for each elector, each community, each district to seek its own advantage at the expense of its neighbor. The fox who could do nothing if the geese acted unitedly, has, when each one thought to profit at the expense of the rest, raked them all into his den, to his immense profit and their immense loss, individual and collective. It is hard in this practical country to argue against a man securing his own personal advantage on every occasion when the opportunity is offered him, and if substantial and adequate advantages were secured by each individual who assisted in rolling up the government majority there would be less ground of complaint. But as a matter of fact at least 99 per cent of the advantages expected to be derived were of the will-o'-the-wisp nature. As has been said in effect of princes, those who put their trust in politicians are out of luck. Politics—practical politics—is a lottery in which the prizes are rather less in proportion to the blanks than in an ordinary game of chance, and while a few individuals and still fewer localities may have advantaged themselves by supporting what they knew to be misgovernment, the vast majority have simply been humbugged; while they, with the country at large, suffer great, though of course not irreparable, loss. That each individual in the North-West would have been financially a gainer had a successful strike been made against misgovernment at this election admits of no doubt, but as the matter stands now every individual suffers a loss while only a small percentage of the winning and a still smaller percentage of the losing party can hope for any direct gain. Selfish interest has been a losing game. Throughout the territories the men who draw the country's money for doing the country's work, acted as the special agents of the party in power, ably assisted by the still larger number who hoped at some future day to rise to the summit of their ambition, the drawing of government pay. Wherever selfish interest showed itself they were ready to pull the wires which would best turn it to their masters' account—and they did their work well. In Alberta, where the people were not in a condition to have pressure brought to bear upon them, they must blame divisions amongst themselves for their own defeat, and while blaming the government and its wire pullers for the part taken by them, they should not forget to put the larger part of the burden on their own shoulders.

In Assiniboia and Saskatchewan, leaving wire pulling and promises out of the question, the people were scarcely in a position to assert themselves. In Saskatchewan they

have large claims pressing against the government for the rebellion losses of two years ago, claims which have purposely been left unsettled with a view to influencing this election. Many of the people have been in actual want during the past two years, and their only hope is the prompt payment of these claims. They were told distinctly and repeatedly by the government agents that if they did not vote as they were required their losses would not be paid. Many had already had too good evidence of the brutal nature of the party with whom they had to deal, and if, in consequence, they voted against what they knew to be right, while they cannot be praised they can scarcely be blamed. With such a hold as this upon a large proportion of the people of Saskatchewan, the only wonder is that the government majority was not larger. In Assiniboia, East and West, a great part of the farming population were not free agents, while the proportion of government officials present and prospective was greater than elsewhere. Farming has not been altogether successful there during the past two years, and many of the people are in need of at least seed grain. The same pointed arguments that were used in Saskatchewan were as unscrupulously used in Assiniboia with a like result.

Another cause of the result as it stands was perfect organization on the one side and a lack of all organization on the other. True the reform party of the east made an effort to introduce their organization into the territorial fight and were sufficiently successful to ensure a bad defeat. After the defeat of the party on February 22nd the organization was only a dead weight in the North-West contest. It was strong enough to bring a man before the electors, but not sufficiently strong to give him valuable assistance towards his election. While the liberal party has persistently opposed the government's North-West policy it is generally understood to be as a matter of party rather than of principle. And until they put forth an acceptable alternative North-West policy, and take a firm stand upon it, they need not hope to do more than assist the election of government candidates, by furnishing them with a good rallying cry and giving them use for their old stock of slanders upon Mackenzie's administration; which, although good, of course was not perfect.

Aside from the position taken by them in support of the administration, the four North-West members elect will compare favorably with those of any province in confederation. They are all local men of high standing, who are identified thoroughly with the country and in the vocations which they have thus far severally pursued have shown good abilities. Such men are naturally far preferable to mere politicians however able, and it is to be hoped that in the duties they have been called upon to assume they will do as well as in those that have fallen to their lot already. Against them there is nothing to be said, and as little against their unsuccessful opponents. The only objection to them is that they were elected in the cause of the government instead of in that of the people. If this is an unjust accusation it is their privilege during their term of office to show by the measures they introduce, the policy they support and the course that they take, that they, and not their opponents, are really the people's friends.

LORD WOLSELEY has remarked on the fishery question between Canada and the States that he has no patience with a quarrel about a kettle of fish, and that if he or some other equally gifted individual were allowed to deal with the matter they could settle it off hand in a few days. There have been too many disputes between Canada and the States settled in this off hand manner by British commissioners already, and the game is played out. Lord Wolseley's reputation as a soldier, rather than as a diplomat, is what keeps the matter within the bounds of diplomacy at present, and if he will kindly keep his powder dry and hold his tongue Canada may be trusted to do the diplomacy part of the business creditably and profitably, which would be a new feature in British diplomacy. The British are A No. 1 fighters, but as diplomats, when opposed to Yankees, they have never been a startling success.

To the Electors of Alberta.

GENTLEMEN,—Accept my best thanks for the hearty support accorded me in the late election contest, and believe me I do not regret having placed myself at your disposal as the willing champion of our common rights. I shall always remember with pleasure the good feeling shown towards myself during the contest by both friends and opponents.

RICHARDISTY.

BRING YOUR TIRED WATCHES AND LAME CLOCKS

TO

E. RAYMER,

And have them repaired.

I keep on hand
WALTHAM, ELGIN & SPRINGFIELD
WATCHES.

Gent's Chains, Seals and Charms.

—ALSO—

Clocks of every variety.
Jewelry made from Saskatchewan Gold and Diamonds. Every shape or design required.

All work warranted.

E. RAYMER,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER.

NOTE—Store, first door east of Jasper House. Sign of Watch.

JUST ARRIVED

FROM MONTREAL

A LARGE STOCK OF

HATS, HATS, HATS,

PRINTS, DRESS GOODS.

GROCERIES, OATMEAL, ETC.

AT

BROWN & CURRY'S.

PLASTERING and Cement Work, Plain and Ornamental, Hard sand or plaster of Paris finish. Call and examine our prices, our aim being to give satisfaction at the lowest cost. Office and yard Fraser avenue.
WILLIAM JOHNSTONE,
DOUGLAS PETRIE.

HEW THEM DOWN.

NOTHING LIKE OPPOSITION.

We are now bringing in the different lines by the car load. Buying in such quantities for CASH, in the cheapest markets, we are prepared to give our customers and the public the FULL benefit.

SPACE WILL NOT ADMIT OF AN ENUMERATION.

HARDWARE Now Complete.
CROCKERY " "
READY-MADE CLOTHING " "
GROCERIES, Fresh Goods More on way.
BOOTS & SHOES — Part Fall and Winter Stock to Hand.

DRY GOODS.

New Prints,
" Yarns, all colors,
" Hose,
" Gloves,
" Handkerchiefs in silk and cotton.
" Velvetens,
" Mantles and Jackets for Ladies, Misses and children in great variety.

TUB BUTTER,

First quality, Just Arrived.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership of Johnstone, Petrie & Co. has by mutual consent been dissolved and that all accounts due, to the aforesaid firm are henceforward payable to Douglas Petrie or to William Johnstone, Fraser avenue, Edmonton. (Signed,) JAMES JOHNSTONE,
DOUGLAS PETRIE.
WILLIAM JOHNSTONE.
Edmonton, 28th Feb. 1887.

PERCHERON STALLIONS.

We have for sale some very promising young Percheron Stallions rising 2, 3 and 4 years.

ALSO

Geldings—team and saddle—Mares and Fillies.

Further particulars and prices upon application.

THE CHIPMAN RANCHE CO.
Calgary, N. W. T.

R. R. KEITH & CO'S.

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FOR THE FARM, VEGETABLE AND FLOWER GARDEN.

The ninth annual edition of our Illustrated Catalogue will be mailed FREE to all ordering.

Wholesale Catalogue to the Trade only.

R. R. KEITH & CO.
Winnipeg.

Address P. O. Box 323.

FARMERS & OTHERS in want of Agricultural Implements will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, who has a stock of Plows, Harrows, Mowers, Rakes and seeders on hand. Orders taken for the Best Light All-Steel Binder in the world. Twine, etc. To arrive, a car load of Farm Wagons and Buck-boards.

Town lots for sale in Edmonton and Ft. Saskatchewan well situated for business and private residence. Enquire of the undersigned.

W. S. ROBERTSON,
Real Estate and Manufacturers' Agent.

IMMIGRATION.

Now that spring is approaching and immigration commencing, it is advisable for each section of the North-West to place before the newcomers its peculiar attractions, so that in so far as the different localities meet the different tastes of the immigrants, they may know where they can be accommodated with a locality which suits them. The new comer is too apt to judge of the whole country by the part that he first sees, and by the opinions that he first hears. The traveller newly arrived in Winnipeg fancies the whole North-West a level treeless plain with muddy rivers wandering through it, marked by the strip of timber fringing either bank. To persons used to the hills and dales, the woods and fields, the streams and lakes of Ontario or England, the prospect is not generally pleasing and most of them receive an impression from which they do not recover. Leaving Winnipeg on the C. P. R., coming westward, the dead low flat prairie soon changes to a higher and more rolling country with good soil and a little scattered timber, but scarce of water. This again changes to a still higher, more rolling, less timbered and less watered country which, excepting a hundred miles along the foot of the Cypress hills, extends to Calgary. These are the parts of the country that nine out of every ten men who come to examine it see. The low lands of Manitoba may be peculiarly adapted for dairying, the higher lands of western Manitoba and eastern Assiniboia for wheat raising and the still higher prairies of western Assiniboia and southern Alberta for winter grazing. But no large area of the whole immense extent is adapted for the prosecution of the mixed system of farming that is the only successful system in northern latitudes and the only one that Canadian and British immigrants are used to. Under the circumstances it is not wonderful that the western immigration of the past few years has been little or nothing. We have not been showing people the kind of country they wanted, and those whose part it is to laud the present administrators of Canada's affairs—who claim to be the only patriotic Canadians—have taken pains to announce to the world in general, and to immigrants in particular that this was the best the North-West had to offer. Admitting, for the sake of argument, that the three districts mentioned along the C. P. R. line are respectively the best in the whole country for dairying, wheat raising and cattle grazing—which is not the case—and admitting these three industries to be at present extremely profitable—which they are not—neither the districts nor their industries suit the majority of farmers who know enough about farming not to wish to put all their eggs into one basket—who know that it is easier, safer, better and in the end more profitable to depend on thoroughly mixed farming than on any one branch of the industry. True, men have made fortunes out of specialties, but where one dollar has been so made another has been lost, while mixed farming has been in good and bad seasons, in high and low prices, the main stay, the backbone of the country. While the region along the C. P. R. line is not adapted for mixed farming, a very large part of the country is. In north-western Manitoba, north-eastern Assiniboia, a great part of Saskatchewan, all northern, and a part of southern Alberta, the distribution of hill and hollow, wood and prairie, grass and water and the uniformly rich and mellow soil give every opportunity for raising crop and stock to the very best advantage; and of this immense region—the true fertile belt—Northern Alberta leads in richness of soil, rankness of grass, purity of water, abundance of wood and mildness of climate, and is equally accessible by railroad and steamboat, with brighter prospects for early direct railroad communication. While the wheat farmers of Assiniboia and Dakota have to be furnished with seed grain for this spring's operations, the bins of the farmers here are still full of grain, in quality second to none in the world, which they are holding for one dollar a bushel, and will not take eighty or ninety cents. While the cattle men from Calgary to the gulf of Mexico admit a loss of from 25 to 40 percent. this winter, the cattle here are still fat, and there has been absolutely no loss from either disease, cold or starvation. There has never been a total failure of crop here from any cause, and there has never been a loss of stock from unavoidable causes. To the man of small capital this part of the country offers special advantages over the prairie country along the railway line. There his cash outlay begins when he buys the first board for his shanty, and continues in every rod of fence he puts up, and every stick of wood he burns from that time forward, to say nothing of wells to be dug, wages to be paid or machinery to be bought, with only one resource—wheat or cattle—from which to draw the supply of cash to meet all these requirements; and when that fails all is lost. In the partly wooded country there is almost no cash outlay for buildings, fences, or firing. With a yoke of oxen, a plow, a harrow, a scythe, a fork and an axe, a man is in a position to raise his own food and that of his stock, which is the first step towards independence, which again is the first step to-

wards wealth. By adding stock, from time to time, as his circumstances admit, his wealth will increase perhaps slowly, but surely, if he attends to his business, and whether the seasons are dry or wet, whether frost comes early or late, he is sure of a living in any case, and sure when times are good to make money. There is no part of the North-West where people started farming with less cash and with outside circumstances more against them than at Edmonton, and there is no part of the country to day without railroad communication, where the community is more quietly prosperous or solvent than right here. If during the coming summer people who come in contact with immigrants who express themselves dissatisfied with the open prairie, will direct them to northern Alberta, instead of trying to persuade them that they ought to be satisfied with what their judgment rebels against, the country will gain many a settler that it otherwise would not, and every man in the country be so much the richer.

NORRIS & CAREY,

Beg to inform their customers that they have opened a

WHOLESALE & JOBBING ESTABLISHMENT,

And are prepared to offer goods at

PRICES HITHERTO UNKNOWN

In Edmonton.

Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

NORRIS & CAREY,
St. Albert Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that all accounts due the firm of Lloyd & Connors, Edmonton, must be paid to the undersigned. All accounts against the same will be settled by me. W. H. CONNORS.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND, BOARDING SCHOOL for Boys and Girls, at the Hermitage. Best education given, with religious training. The situation is healthy and beautiful, and fitted for a first class school and happy home. Invalid children receive special care. Apply to the Principal
REV. CANON NEWTON.

BLACKSMITH & CARRIAGE SHOP.

At Edmonton ferry landing, south side, opposite the fort. The undersigned having secured the services of a first-class General Blacksmith and Machinist is now prepared to do all sorts of work in these lines on the shortest notice. Also on hand a complete stock of patent wheels, spokes, fellows, axles, shafts, tongues, reaches, plow beams and handles, neck yokes and whipple trees, etc. Orders for carriage building and repairing promptly attended to.
JOHN WALTER

NEW GOODS.

ALBERTA

BOOT & SHOE

HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

STEWART & BANNERMAN.

H. W. McKENNY,

GENERAL MERCHANT,

SAINT ALBERT,

Begs to announce to the public that he has just brought in an

IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS

Which he offers at

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

A full stock of

CHOICE GROCERIES,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
DRY GOODS,
CROCKERY, ETC.,

Is now shown.

TERMS CASH. Call and examine.

H. W. McKENNY.

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY GOODS

Is where you will get the most for your money; and it is now pretty well known that the

CHEAPEST STORE IN EDMONTON

is

McDOUGALL'S,

Consequently you will Save Money by going there.

NEW GOODS ARE COMING IN EVERY FEW WEEKS.

Splendid Values in

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS and
UNDER-CLOTHING.

Some very fine

BLACK AND COLORED Winceys,
DRESS GOODS,
FLANNELS, ETC.

JUST ARRIVED

Also Canadian Yarns, All Colors.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I am not responsible for any debts contracted by my brother Thomas St. Jean.

X. ST. JEAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The undersigned has a limited amount of money to loan on good security.

GEO. A. WATSON.

WANTED

2,000 Bushels Oats.

2,000 " Barley.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

EDMONTON RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Copies of Constitution, By-Laws and Regulations can be procured from the undersigned previous to annual meeting to be held on the 8th day of March in Jas. McDonald's office.

C. F. STRANG,
Secretary.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. In rear of Sanderson & Looby's Blacksmith Shop, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour. Also a few head of mares for sale—or will exchange for grain. Stabling in connection with Kelly's hotel.

PRIVATE SCHOOL OF FORT SASKATCHEWAN will open on Monday the 14th of February. English and French taught. Children of any Denomination welcome. For Circulars and Particulars apply to the undersigned.

GEO. T. ST. CYR, School Teacher.

NOTICE.—EDMONTON MILLS.

Parties concerned are hereby notified that from this date all grists brought to these mills must be taken away within three days after being ground, or storage will be charged.

Parties having ground grists now in the mill will please remove them without delay.

Grinding will close for the season on April 14th.

D. R. FRASER.

LAFFERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

BRANCHES:

Calgary, Edmonton, Regina.

Office, Main Street, 3 doors north of Jasper House.

Drafts issued on and collections made at all available points.

Sterling and Domestic Exchanges bought and sold.

Half-breed and Soldier's Scrip and Indian Department Vouchers bought at highest market price.

P. G. GRAY,
Manager.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

If you want to be up to the times and save useless outlay in wages and mending old rattletraps of machines, buy from us THE FIRST AND ONLY GENUINE ALL STEEL BINDER made in Canada. The Toronto Mower, The Massey Harvester, The Sharpe's Rake. We will now book orders for above and for the Finest Binding Twine Manufactured, up till 1st of May next. You should see our new prices and order at once to ensure delivery. We will agree to cancel any order for harvesting machinery, should purchasers' crop be destroyed before time for cutting.

BLAKE & KNOWLES.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

Just arrived a large and varied assortment of Furniture of all kinds, Wire Wove Spring Mattresses and Bedding, &c. Also Tapestry and Lace Curtains, Cornice Poles, Carpets, Rugs, Table Covers, &c., &c.

WILL SHORTLY ARRIVE

A large and very choice selection of MILLINERY, including Ladies' Hats, Bonnets and Sun Shades, trimmed and untrimmed. Also Artificial Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons and Hat Ornaments in endless variety, and of the most fascinating description. Also LADIES' COTTON UNDERCLOTHING, Corsets, Stockings, &c., &c., to suit the requirements of all.

I wish to draw the very special attention of the Ladies to my DRESS GOODS, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, &c., which to ensure their sale before the arrival of my English Goods, I am now offering at such reduced prices as will please and astonish all.

Inspection invited whether with a view to purchase or not.

Terms strictly cash.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER

GENERAL NEWS.

A CANADIAN church college is being built in Rome.

THE Bank of British North America has opened a branch in Winnipeg.

SIR MICHAEL HICKS BEACH is ill and will probably resign from the British cabinet.

THERE have been several outbreaks in Bulgaria against the regency, but they have been suppressed.

THE gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific for January were \$643,493. The net profits were \$21,504.

EDWARD LUDLOW WETMORE, of Fredericton, N. B., is appointed judge of the supreme court of the North-West.

MARY TRACY, of Montreal, committed suicide in Toronto lately by throwing herself under the wheels of a freight train.

A BILL has been introduced in the Ontario legislature to allow married women to vote for members of the municipal council.

LADY COLIN CAMPBELL authorizes a denial of the recently printed statement that she intends to become a professional singer.

A TON of Pennsylvania coal is figured to cost \$1.38½ to mine and put on board the cars. Pauper labor under a protective tariff.

THE C. P. R. is arranging for a temporary service of steamers from Vancouver to China and Japan during the coming summer.

SETTLERS from western Ontario are reported to be taking up large quantities of land in the Nipissing country, northern Ontario.

SENATOR PLUMB is anxious for Sir Alex. Campbell's place as leader of the government in the senate. Plumb thinks that he should be made postmaster-general.

LATE outrages upon Chinese in Vancouver have caused the British Columbia legislature to temporarily suspend the city's charter and vest all authority in the government.

AT Fergus, Montana, the cowboys have been called in off the range, as it is impossible to ride over it any longer. The cattle are left to their fate, and many are dying.

THE Japanese who were formerly vegetarians, are now said to be taking to a meat diet, as they believe the physical superiority of the European races is due to their meat diet.

H. M. STANLEY is at Zanzibar with an expedition for the relief of Emin Bey, governor of one of the equatorial provinces of Egypt near the sources of the Nile, who is in danger from the Arabs.

QUEEN VICTORIA has signified her approval of the designs to erect a suitable monument over the grave of the illustrious marquis of Montrose in St. Giles' cathedral, Edinburgh. The sum of \$5,000 is already in hand for the purpose.

TRUTH states that in Birmingham the only Unionist who has a chance of re-election is Mr. Chamberlain. There is a strong local feeling in favor of him, because he has done much municipally for the town. But Mr. Jesse Collings and his other followers will go to the wall.

THE snow storms of March 1st were unprecedented in the history of railroading in Canada. Lumbermen report 12 to 20 feet of snow in the woods and work impossible. At Edmonton there has been less than a foot and a half of snow on the level all winter, and we have had absolutely no storms, except during one week in February.

THE Northern Pacific and St. P. M. & M. railroads distribute seed wheat among the farmers along their lines in Dakota left destitute by last season's drouth, the farmers to return bushel for bushel in the fall. The Dakota legislature has a bill before it authorizing aid to destitute farmers to the amount of \$150,000 which the Northern Pacific supplements by \$100,000 in cash. The C. P. R. has not yet offered a cent towards helping out the farmers of Eastern Assinibolia.

A MASS meeting of saloonkeepers in New York passed resolutions with regard to Dr. Crosby's high license bill, in which they say: The bill seems to have been drawn on the theory that beer is not intoxicating, and is productive of no intemperance; whereas in the crowded tenement districts of this and all large cities, beer is the cause of more intemperance and domestic unhappiness than all other liquors combined, since large quantities of it are purchased for little money during the daytime by women, who neglect their homes and children in consequence of their indulgence.

THE determined action of the British government in dispensing with the services of the Cunard and White Star companies unless these would consent to terms having no savor of monopoly about them, has now produced its fruits in the "alacrity" with which the chief companies have co-operated with the postoffice in devising the new service. In future, the White Star company will take the mails on Wednesdays, the Cunard on Saturdays, the North German Lloyd on Thursdays, and the Inman (for those who wish) on Tuesdays. Thus a mail for New York will leave on four days of the week, and the advantages of the Queenstown and Southampton routes are equally secured.

THE twin brother of the C. P. R., the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Co., has now 1,852 miles of road in operation, and contemplates constructing 1,100 more, including an extension through Dakota to Benton and Helena, Montana.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, March 11th, 1887. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday,	36	15
Sunday,	6	0
Monday,	42	19
Tuesday,	50	30
Wednesday,	20	10
Thursday,	17	4
Friday,	21	9

Barometer falling, 27.430.

\$20.00 REWARD.

Lost about the 24th of May last from the Little Mountain, a Dark Brown Horse, eight years old, 15½ hands high, white stripe down the face, Oxarant brand. Any person returning the same to the undersigned will receive the above reward.

J. F. SMITH.

THE STARR KIDNEY PAD.

A permanent sure cure for diseases, disorders and ailments of the kidneys, bladder and urinary secretive system, or attendant complaints—causing pain in small of back, sides, etc., producing urinary disorders such as too frequent, scanty, difficult or copious micturition, inability of retention and sedimentary urine. The pad cures Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel, catarrh of the bladder and passages, nervous debility, etc. Also Dr. Ledue's periodical pills.

Pads and Pills for sale by
P. DALY & Co., Agents, Edmonton.

PHIL. DALY & CO.

Have a complete stock of Fresh Drugs, Patent Medicines, Stationary, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, Clocks and Watches. Cigars Wholesale. Wall Paper and Garden Seeds to arrive. Daly's Condition Powder is now in use by all farmers and horsemen, 50c pound packages. Daly's Cough Balsam is taking the place of all others—give it a trial. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes carefully prepared at all hours.

PHIL. DALY & CO.,
Chemists and Druggists.

MARCH 18th, 1886.

DRY LUMBER.

D. R. FRASER & Co.

Wish to inform the public that they have on hand and for sale a large quantity of Dried Lumber, comprising Matched, Dressed, and Undressed.
Dressed Flooring, per M, \$40.00
Undressed " 30.00
Dressed siding 40.00
Ship Lap Siding, Dressed 35.00
" Undressed 30.00
Stock Lumber, Undressed 25.00
Sheeting Lumber 20.00
Culls 15.00
Dimension Lumber, over 16 ft., extra 20.00
Fence Pickets, undressed, 3 ft. long, per 100 3.50
" dressed and pointed 4.00
Lath, per bundle of 100 .75
Shingles, per M 4.00
Spruce timber, 8 x 8, for sills, per L. ft. .10
" 10 x 10, " .12½

DOORS & SASH made to order and kept on hand.

TURNING Iron or Wood.

Balusters, Newel Posts, Table Legs, etc., kept on hand.

Mouldings, Wall Beads, Bases, Casings, Window Frames.

We are prepared to contract for buildings as cheap or cheaper than any other firm in the North-West.

FLOUR.

XXX \$2.80
XXX 3.50
Brn, per 100 lbs \$1. per ton 48.00
Sh rts, per 100 lbs \$1.25, per ton 20.00
Chopped barley per 100 lbs 1.50

Terms Cash, or its Equivalent in Grain.
D. R. FRASER & CO.

NOTICE



To millers and others in the North-West Territories and in Manitoba west of the principal meridian only.

SEALED TENDERS, accompanied by one hundred pound samples, and endorsed "Tender for Flour," will be received at the undermentioned Indian agencies, in the North-West Territories, up to noon of Friday, the twenty-ninth of April, 1887.

AGENT.	AGENCY.
H. Martineau	The Narrows, Lake Man.
J. A. Markle	Birtle.
J. J. Campbell	Moose Mountain.
A. McDonald	Crooked Lakes.
W. S. Grant	Assiniboine Reserve.
P. J. Williams	File Hills.
J. B. Nash	Moscowpetong's Reserve.
H. Keith	Touchwood Hills.
J. M. Roe	Prince Albert.
J. A. MacKay	Battleford.
G. G. Mann	Onion Lake.
J. A. Mitchell	Victoria.
W. Anderson	Edmonton.
S. B. Lucas	Peace Hills.
W. Pocklington	Blood Reserve.
M. Begg	Blackfoot Crossing.
W. C. DeBalinhard	Sarcee Reserve.

Forms of tender, giving full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of the flour required, may be had on application to any of the above named agents, from the department of Indian affairs, Ottawa, or from the Indian commissioner for Manitoba and the North-West Territories, Regina; and no tender will be entertained which is not made out on one of those forms.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, approved by the Indian Agent for the District, for at least five per cent. of the amount thereof, which will be forfeited if the tenderer declines to enter into a contract based on his tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to fulfill his contract to the satisfaction of the Department. If the tenderer prefers to do so, he may deposit with the Agent, in lieu of an accepted cheque, the notes of any Chartered Bank in Canada to an equal amount. Cheques or cash accompanying tenders not accepted will be returned, but a cheque deposited by a successful tenderer will be retained until the satisfactory completion of his contract. Each tenderer is required to show in his tender the full value of all the flour which he is prepared to deliver under contract, or his tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

Tenders will be entertained for a portion or for the whole quantity of flour required at any given point.

Tenderers residing near one Agency but desiring to tender for delivery within another Agency further distant, may deposit their tenders and samples for the more distant, at the nearest of the Agencies specified above, or with the Indian Commissioner at Regina.

Samples of flour will be returned, if desired, to unsuccessful tenderers on their application, and the sample submitted by a successful tenderer may be counted by him as a delivery on account of his contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for their flour to be forwarded at once from railway stations to its destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest, or any tender, not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1887.

TEACHER WANTED.

Male or Female for the Sturgeon Protestant Public School District, No. 24, for the summer term only to commence on the first day of April next.

Applications accompanied by certificates stating salary, etc., will be received up to the 3rd day of March next.

Address,
GEORGE SUTHERLAND,
Secretary Board of Trustees.
Edmonton P. O., Alberta.

PROFESSIONAL.

CHARLES L. SHAW, Barrister, Solicitor, &c., Edmonton, Alberta. Office over Stewart & Bannerman's store.

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office in rear portion of Big Hotel, Edmonton.

R. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta. Office, Main street, Edmonton, opposite Fraser Avenue.

H. L. MCINNIS, M. D., C. M.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office next door north of Jasper House.

DR. J. H. TOFIELD,
St. George's Hospital, London,
Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

DAVIS & COSTIGAN, Barristers, Advocates and Conveyancers. Money to loan. Government departmental work strictly attended to. Offices over Thomson Bros' Book Store, Calgary, N.W.T.
E. P. DAVIS, J. R. COSTIGAN.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES,
OTTAWA, ONT.

Parliamentary and departmental agents. Special attention given to departmental business and the issuing of land patents.
D. O'CONNOR. W. D. Hogg.

W. WILLON,
DENTIST, CALGARY.
Rooms over J. S. Gibb & Co's store. Entrance at side door opposite Roller Skating Rink.

HOTELS.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, South side of Main street. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. X. ST. JEAN, proprietor.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

KELLY HOUSE.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.
This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.
L. KELLY, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horse-shoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main street, Edmonton.